

Ex 4.2

Q1 (i) $\int e^{2x} dx = \frac{1}{2} e^{2x} + C$

(ii) $\int 3e^x dx = 3e^x + C$

(iii) $\int 2e^{4x} dx = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) 2e^{4x} + C = \frac{1}{2} e^{4x} + C$

(iv) $\int e^{-3x} dx = \frac{1}{-3} e^{-3x} + C$

Q2

(i) $\int (e^{3x} + 4) dx = \frac{1}{3} e^{3x} + 4x + C$

(ii) $\int 4e^{\frac{1}{2}x} dx = \left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\right) 4e^{\frac{1}{2}x} + C = 8e^{\frac{1}{2}x} + C$

(iii) $\int \left(e^{4x} + \frac{1}{e^{4x}}\right) dx = \int e^{4x} + e^{-4x} = \frac{1}{4} e^{4x} - \frac{1}{4} e^{-4x} + C$

$= \frac{e^{4x}}{4} - \frac{1}{4e^{4x}} + C$

Q3 $y = e^{x^2}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xe^{x^2}$

$\Rightarrow \int 2xe^{x^2} = e^{x^2} + C$

Q4 (i) $\int \cos 3x \, dx = \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + C$ (i) $\neq 0$

(ii) $\int \sin 4x \, dx = -\frac{\cos 4x}{4} + C$

(iii) $\int -\sin 5x \, dx = -\left(-\frac{\cos 5x}{5}\right) + C = \frac{\cos 5x}{5} + C$

(iv) $\int \cos kx \, dx = \frac{\sin kx}{k} + C$

Q5

(i) $\int 3 \cos 6x \, dx = 3 \cdot \frac{\sin 6x}{6} + C = \frac{\sin 6x}{2} + C$

(ii) $\int (\cos 2x - \sin 5x) \, dx = \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{\cos 5x}{5} + C$

(iii) $\int 3 \cos(-9x) \, dx = 3 \cdot \frac{\sin(-9x)}{-9} + C$

$= \frac{\sin(-9x)}{-3} + C$

Q6 $\int 3(e^x - 4 \sin 3x + 2) \, dx$

$= \int (3e^x - 12 \sin 3x + 6) \, dx$

$= 3e^x + 12 \frac{\cos 3x}{3} + 6x + C$

$= 3e^x + 4 \cos 3x + 6x + C$

Q7 (i) $\int (4e^{2x} + 4 \sin 3x) dx$ (iv) (10)

$$= 4 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) e^{2x} + \frac{4 \cos 3x}{3} + C$$

$$= 2e^{2x} - \frac{4 \cos 3x}{3} + C$$

(ii) $\int (3 \cos x - 2 \cos 4x) dx$

$$= 3 \sin x - \frac{2 \sin 4x}{4} + C$$

$$= 3 \sin x - \frac{\sin 4x}{2} + C$$

Q8 $y = \cos 4x^2$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -8x \sin 4x^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \int -8x \sin 4x^2 = \cos 4x^2 + C$$

$$\text{Q9} \quad \boxed{\frac{x+y}{z} = \frac{x}{z} + \frac{y}{z}} \quad (i) \quad 0100$$

$$(i) \int \frac{e^{2x} + 4}{e^x} dx = \int \left(\frac{e^{2x}}{e^x} + \frac{4}{e^x} \right) dx$$

$$= \int (e^x + 4e^{-x}) dx = e^x + \frac{4e^{-x}}{-1} + C$$

$$= e^x - 4e^{-x} + C$$

$$= e^x - \frac{4}{e^x} + C$$

$$(ii) \int \left(\frac{e^{x+2}}{e^{2x}} + 3 \right) dx = \int \left(\frac{e^{x+2}}{e^{2x}} + \frac{3}{e^x} \right) dx$$

$$= \int (e^{-x+2} + 3e^{-x}) dx = xe^{-x} + \frac{3e^{-x}}{-1} + C$$

$$= xe^{-x} - \frac{3}{e^x} + C$$

$$(iii) \int \left(\frac{1+3e^x}{e^{2x}} \right) dx = \int \left(\frac{1}{e^{2x}} + \frac{3e^x}{e^{2x}} \right) dx$$

$$= \int (e^{-2x} + 3e^{-x}) dx = \frac{e^{-2x}}{-2} + \frac{3e^{-x}}{-1} + C$$

$$= -\frac{e^{-2x}}{2} - 3e^{-x} + C$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2e^{2x}} - \frac{3}{e^x} + C$$

Q10 (i) $\int (e^x - e^{-x})^2 dx$

$$= \int (e^{2x} - 2e^x \cdot e^{-x} + e^{-2x}) dx$$

$$= \int (e^{2x} - 2 + e^{-2x}) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2x}}{2} - 2x + \frac{e^{-2x}}{-2} + C$$

$$= \frac{e^{2x}}{2} - 2x - \frac{1}{2e^{2x}} + C$$

(ii) $\int (3 + e^x)(2 + e^{-x}) dx$

$$= \int (6 + 3e^{-x} + 2e^x + e^x \cdot e^{-x}) dx$$

$$= \int (6 + 3e^{-x} + 2e^x + 1) dx$$

$$= \int (3e^{-x} + 2e^x + 7) dx$$

$$= \frac{3e^{-x}}{-1} + 2e^x + 7x + C$$

$$= -\frac{3}{e^x} + 2e^x + 7x + C$$

Q11 $y = 7^x$

$$\ln y = x \ln 7$$

$$\frac{\ln y}{\ln 7} = x$$

$$(i) \frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{1}{\ln 7} = \frac{1}{y \ln 7}$$

$$(ii) \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\frac{dx}{dy}} = y \ln 7 \quad \text{but } y = 7^x \quad (iii)$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 7^x \ln 7$$

$$(iii) \int 7^x dx = \frac{7^x}{\ln 7} + C$$

Q12 $\frac{dy}{dx} = ae^{-x} + 2$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5$ when $x=0$

$$\Rightarrow ae^{-0} + 2 = 5$$
$$a + 2 = 5$$

$$\underline{a = 3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = 3e^{-x} + 2$$

$$y = \int 3e^{-x} + 2$$

$$y = \frac{3e^{-x}}{-1} + 2x + C$$
$$y = -3 \text{ when } x=0$$

$$-3 = (-3e^{-0} + 2(0) + C)$$

$$-3 = -3 + C$$

$$0 = C$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -3e^{-x} + 2x$$

Q13 $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{kx}$ Tangent at $(1, e^2)$ through $(0, 0)$

$$m = \frac{e^2 - 0}{1 - 0} = e^2$$

(i) Slope = $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x=1$

$$e^{k(1)} = e^2$$
$$\Rightarrow k=2$$

(ii) eqn = $\int e^{2x} dx$

$$y = \frac{e^{2x}}{2} + C$$

pt $(1, e^2)$

$$e^2 = \frac{e^{2(1)}}{2} + C$$

$$e^2 - \frac{e^2}{2} = C$$

$$\frac{e^2}{2} = C$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{e^{2x}}{2} + \frac{e^2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(e^{2x} + e^2)$$

Q14 $f(x) = 2x e^x$

(i) $f'(x) = (2x)(e^x) + (e^x)(2)$ Product Rule.
 $= 2x e^x + 2e^x$

(ii) $\int (2x e^x) dx$

$\int (2x e^x + 2e^x) dx = 2x e^x + C$

$\int (2x e^x) dx + \int (2e^x) dx = 2x e^x + C$

$\int (2x e^x) dx + 2e^x = 2x e^x + C$

$\int (2x e^x) dx = 2x e^x - 2e^x + C$

Q15 $f(x) = x \sin x$
 $f'(x) = x \cos x + \sin x$ (1)

$\int x \cos x dx$

$\int (x \cos x + \sin x) dx = x \sin x + C$

$\int (x \cos x) dx + \int \sin x dx = x \sin x + C$

$\int (x \cos x) dx - \cos x = x \sin x + C$

$\int (x \cos x) dx = x \sin x + \cos x + C$

Q16 $f(x) = 4xe^{2x}$

(i) $f'(x) = (4x)(2e^{2x}) + e^{2x}(4)$
 $= 8xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x}$

(ii) $\int (8xe^{2x}) dx$

$\int (8xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x}) dx = 4xe^{2x} + C$

$\int (8xe^{2x}) dx + \int (4e^{2x}) dx = 4xe^{2x} + C$

$\int (8xe^{2x}) dx + \frac{4e^{2x}}{2} = 4xe^{2x} + C$

$\int (8xe^{2x}) dx = 4xe^{2x} - 2e^{2x} + C$

Q17 $y = 2xe^{3x} + \cos x$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x(3)e^{3x} + e^{3x}(2) - \sin x$
 $= 6xe^{3x} + 2e^{3x} - \sin x$

$\int (6xe^{3x}) dx$

$\int (6xe^{3x} + 2e^{3x} - \sin x) dx = 2xe^{3x} + \cos x + C$

$\int (6xe^{3x}) dx + \int (2e^{3x}) dx - \int \sin x dx = 2xe^{3x} + \cos x + C$

$\int (6xe^{3x}) dx + \frac{2e^{3x}}{3} + \cos x = 2xe^{3x} + \cos x + C$

$\int (6xe^{3x}) dx = 2xe^{3x} - \frac{2}{3}e^{3x} + C$