

### Ex 1.3

- Q1
- (i) Impossible
  - (ii) very likely
  - (iii) very Unlikely
  - (iv) very Unlikely
  - (v) Even chance
  - (vi) certain
  - (vii) Unlikely

- Q2
- (i) 6
  - (ii) 4
  - (iii) 0
  - (iv) 2

- Q3
- (i) red =  $\frac{3}{8} \times 16 = 6$
  - (ii) Blue =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 16 = 8$
  - (iii) yellow =  $\frac{1}{8} \times 16 = 2$

- Q4
- (i)  $P(5) = \frac{1}{6}$
  - (ii)  $P(\text{Not } 2) = \frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$
  - (iii)  $P(\text{4 or more}) = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$
  - (iv)  $P(\text{odd}) = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$
  - (v)  $P(\text{less than 3}) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$
  - (vi)  $P(\text{Prime}) = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$

Q5

- (i)  $P(\text{King}) = \frac{4}{52} = \frac{1}{13}$
- (ii)  $P(\text{Diamond}) = \frac{13}{52} = \frac{1}{4}$
- (iii)  $P(\text{picture Card}) = \frac{12}{52} = \frac{3}{13}$
- (iv)  $P(\text{Black Queen}) = \frac{2}{52} = \frac{1}{26}$
- (v)  $P(\text{Even number}) = \frac{20}{52} = \frac{5}{13}$

Q6

- (i)  $P(\text{odd}) = \frac{9}{17}$
- (ii)  $P(\text{2 digit}) = \frac{8}{17}$
- (iii)  $P(\text{mult of 3}) = \frac{5}{17}$
- (iv)  $P(\text{perfect sq}) = \frac{4}{17}$

Q7

ADDITION

- (i)  $P(T) = \frac{1}{8}$
- (ii)  $P(I) = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$
- (iii)  $P(T \text{ or } D) = \frac{3}{8}$
- (iv)  $P(\text{vowel}) = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$

Q8

15 Red    10 Black    5 Green    Total = 30.

- (i)  $P(\text{red}) = \frac{15}{30} = \frac{1}{2}$
- (ii)  $P(\text{green}) = \frac{5}{30} = \frac{1}{6}$
- (iii)  $P(\text{red or green}) = \frac{20}{30} = \frac{2}{3}$
- (iv)  $P(\text{not red}) = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Q9

- (i)  $P(10) = \frac{3}{36} = \frac{1}{12}$
- (ii)  $P(\text{Both odd}) = \frac{9}{36} = \frac{1}{4}$
- (iii)  $P(\text{4 or less}) = \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$
- (iv)  $P(\text{odd and } > 6) = \frac{12}{36} = \frac{1}{3}$

Q10

|   |   |    |    |    |    |    |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|
|   | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  |
| 1 | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  |
| 2 | 2 | 4  | 6  | 8  | 10 | 12 |
| 3 | 3 | 6  | 9  | 12 | 15 | 18 |
| 4 | 4 | 8  | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 |
| 5 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| 6 | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 |

Multiplicad.

(i)  $P(9) = \frac{1}{36}$

(ii)  $P(4) = \frac{3}{36} = \frac{1}{12}$

(iii)  $P(12) = \frac{4}{36} = \frac{1}{9}$

Q11

6 counters,  $P(\text{Green}) = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 3 \text{ greens}$

Now  $P(\text{Green}) = \frac{2}{5}$

Q12

(i)  $P(\text{Purple}) = \frac{3}{5}$

(ii) 3

(iii) 3

Q13

|   |   |    |    |    |
|---|---|----|----|----|
|   | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  |
| 5 | 6 | 7  | 8  | 9  |
| 7 | 8 | 9  | 10 | 11 |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

Scores Added

(i)  $P(6) = \frac{1}{12}$

(ii)  $P(10) = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$

(iii)  $P(\text{even}) = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{1}{2}$

9 occurs most often and  $P(9) = \frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$

Q14 (Using Probability Space pg 16 in Book)

$$(i) P(\text{winning}) = \frac{8}{36} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$(ii) P(\text{losing}) = \frac{4}{36} = \frac{1}{9}$$

Q15

3 coins

Total Possible outcomes:  $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$ .

Sample space

H H H

T T H

H T H

T H T

H H T

H T T

T H H

T T T

$$(i) P(\text{HHH}) = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$(ii) P(\text{HTH}) = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$(iii) P(\text{2 heads } \& \text{ 1 Tail}) = \frac{3}{8}$$

Q16 (i)  $P(\text{female}) = \frac{25}{50} = \frac{1}{2}$

(ii)  $P(\text{No Glasses}) = \frac{16}{50} = \frac{8}{25}$

(iii)  $P(\text{male with Glasses}) = \frac{16}{50} = \frac{8}{25}$

Male chosen  $\Rightarrow$  Total is 25.  $P(\text{Glasses}) = \frac{16}{25}$

Q17

(i)  $P(\text{Bus}) = \frac{60}{360} = \frac{1}{6}$

(ii)  $360 - 90 - 60 = 210^\circ$

$$P(\text{walk}) = \frac{210}{360} = \frac{7}{12}$$